List of cases of resistance to plant protection products detected in France

Background

The management of resistance to PPPs is a major challenge for plant protection because it contributes to limiting ineffective or remedial treatments and therefore to implementing the French "Plan Ecophyto" on the reduction of pesticide use. Optimal resistance management requires the integration of multiple information (e.g. resistance dynamics, the mechanisms involved, the frequency of resistant pests in the area concerned, etc.). It must take into account the specificities of each case of resistance to advise relevant and effective management strategies. However, this information is not always readily accessible. It may be included in complex scientific articles, be part of unpublished "private" information, etc... thus not always being available with sufficient precision or speed.

The lists proposed by R4P display our current knowledge on the cases of PPP resistance detected and published in France. They aim at reaching a more sustainable use of the PPPs by stakeholders by allowing to optimise their recommendations. The sensitivity of pests to PPPs should indeed be considered a common good, and managed accordingly.

Methods

Resistance case lists have been compiled from several sources:

- Experimental data produced by INRA and Anses laboratories (see also the compilation of technical reports on this website) or private laboratories.
- French or foreign literature, scientific or extension literature

Each case presented consist of one "tryptic" (pest / PPP mode of action / crop) for which biological sensitivity assays have proven the occurrence of resistance (i.e. at least one resistant individual has been demonstrated as resistant using a relevant procedure). Suspicions of resistance not validated by appropriate sensitivity assays are not included in the lists.

The resistance cases listed in these documents concern only France, mainly metropolitan France. A few cases detected in the French overseas departments and territories are also mentioned. The lists may not be comprehensive for these cases, due to a lack of reliable documentary sources. Similar cases detected in countries other than France are not listed.

A member of R4P serving as a referent expert is associated to each case listed, as well as relevant publications, preferably in French. The complete references of the publications, as well as the royalty-free files, can be consulted on the "Documentation" section of the R4P website.

Last, the lists display the resistance cases towards fungicides, insecticides, acaricides and herbicides, either for active substances currently registered and in use in France (List I) or for active substances formerly registered in France (List II).

Legends

Column	Description										
Section "Fungicide,	/Insecticide/Acaricide/Herbicide"										
Mode of action	Biochemical mode of action of the active substance or group of active substances										
	concerned by resistance, as formulated in R4P classification.										
Target site	Biochemical target (target protein) of the active substance or group of active										
	substances concerned by resistance.										
	NB: For more details on targets <mark>and modes o</mark> f action, please refer to the Universal										
	classification of PPPs proposed by R4P on this website.										
R4P group	Code corresponding to the active substance or group of active substances										
	concerned by resistance in R4P Universal classification of PPPs.										
Group ot <mark>her than</mark>	Code corresponding to the active substance or group of active substances										
R4P	concerned by resistance, in the FRAC (http://www.frac.info/), IRAC										
	(http://www.ir <mark>ac-online.org/), HRAC (http://www.hr</mark> acglobal.com/), WSSA										
	(http://wssa.net/) or according to Fourouzesh et al. (Weed Research 55:334-358).										
Group	Common abbreviation for chemical class proposed by R4P.										
abbrevia <mark>tion</mark>											
Chemical class	Name of the chemical class to whi <mark>ch the active substance</mark> , or group of active										
(R4P or o <mark>ther)</mark>	substances, concerned by resistance belongs. Detailed chemical classification is										
	available on this website (R4P universal classification).										
Active in <mark>gredients</mark>	Active substance(s) concerned by resistance, in the laboratory or in the field.										
	Unlisted active ingredients might be concerned by the resistance, especially within										
	the same mode of action. Where a large number of substances are involved,										
	additiona <mark>l informatio</mark> n may be provi <mark>ded. Po</mark> sitive and negative cross resistance are										
	detailed in the R4P universal pesticide classification on this website.										
Section "Pathogen,	/Insect/Mite <mark>/Weed"</mark>										
Pest/Disease	The vernacular name of the pest or the disease concerned by the resistance.										
Scientifi <mark>c name</mark>	The Latin binomial name of the pest concerned by the resistance.										
EPPO code	Universal (acronymic) code of the pest assigned by EPPO (https://gd.eppo.int/).										
Crop	Crop concerned by the case of resistance. Some crops may be grouped together (e.										
A+ .	g."cereals") for generalist pests.										
er	HTV: Herbi <mark>cide Tolerant Va</mark> riety.										
Status of	,										
resistance	used under optimal conditions) is possible. It depends in particular on the										
100	frequency of resistant individuals in local populations.										
162	"(+)" indicates "biological resistance" for which a loss of efficacy has possibly been										
	observed in laboratory assays but not (yet) in the field .										
Comments	Comment indicating prevalence (i.e. the proportion of plots affected by resistance)										
a u	an <mark>d/</mark> or frequ <mark>ency of re</mark> sist <mark>ance (i.e. the proportio</mark> n o <mark>f re</mark> sist <mark>ant</mark> ind <mark>ivi</mark> duals in										
	populations), depending on the state of knowledge.										
	Information on the geographical location of the resistance case can be detailed										
	when the distribution is not homogeneous, or when resistance is emerging.										
	ARA: Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes; BFC: Bourgogne-Franche-Comté; BZH: Bretagne;										
	COR: Corse; CVL: Centre-Val de Loire; GES: Grand Est; HDF: Hauts de France; IDF:										

		Ile de France; NAQ: Nouvelle Aquitaine; NOR: Normandie; OCC: Occitanie; PAC									
		Provence-Alpes-Côtes d'Azur; PDL: Pays de Loire.									
		Information on the cost of resistance can be added, for resistance cases									
		accompanied by a lower competitiveness of resistant individuals, which can lead to									
		a reduction in the dynamics of resistance evolution.									
		Finally, various additional information (in particular on cross resistances) can be									
	added.										
Resistanc	:e	For fungicides lists.									
intensity		Estimation of the resistance factor of the resistant individuals:									
		LR: low intensity resistance									
		MR: medium intensity resistance									
	-	HR: high intensity resistance.									
Resistanc	:e	TSR: Target Site Resistance (+ mutation if known).									
mechanis	sm	NTSR: Non Tar <mark>get Site Resistan</mark> ce (+ details if known).									
		For more information on PPP resistance me <mark>chanisms, see R4P</mark> (2016) Trends in Plant									
		Science.									
		Unknown: resistance mechanism non elucidated.									
First occu	irrence in	Collection date of the oldest sample where the resistance case was detected. May									
France		be approximate for "ancient" resistances.									
Section "	<mark>Informat</mark> io	on"									
Contact		Person who can provide more information on the case of resistance.									
Reference	25	References describing the case of resistance in France (dynamics, mechanism,									
		phenotype etc). May include publications about the same resistance case out of									
		France to provide additional information (especially on the resistance mechanism).									
Update		Date of update of the information concerning the resistance case.									

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Readers are invited to indicate any errors or omissions in these lists at: contact-r4p@inra.fr



Acaricide						Mite							Information				
Mode of action	Target site	R4P group	IRAC group	Group abbrevia -tion	R4P chemical class	Active ingredients	Common name	Scientific name	EPPO code	CROP	Status of resistance	Comments	Resistance mechanism	First occurrence in France	Contact person	Reference	Update
Mitochondrial respiration and energy supply	Mitochondrial complex I electron transport inhibitors	A1b	21A	-	Pyridazinones	pyridabene	European red mite	Panonychus ulmi	METTUL	Apple	+	Old data, unknown distribution	unknown	?	INRAE Sophia - G. Le Goff	-	30/11/17
Mitochondrial respiration and energy supply	Mitochondrial complex I electron transport inhibitors	A1b	21A	-	Pyrazoles	tebufenpyrad	European red mite	Panonychus ulmi	METTUL	Apple	+	Vaucluse, Gard, Tarn and Garonne	unknown	1999	INRAE Sophia - G. Le Goff	Auger et al., 2003	30/11/17
Mitochondrial respiration and energy supply	Mitochondrial complex I electron transport inhibitors	A1b	21A	-	Quinazolines	fenazaquin	European red mite	Panonychus ulmi	METTUL	Apple	+	Vaucluse, Gard, Tarn and Garonne	unknown	1999	INRAE Sophia - G. Le Goff	Auger et al., 2003	30/11/17
Mitochondrial respiration and energy supply	Mitochondrial complex I electron transport inhibitors	A1b	21A	-	Phenoxypyrazoles	fenpyroximate	European red mite	Panonychus ulmi	METTUL	Apple	+	Old data, unknown distribution	unknown	?	INRAE Sophia - G. Le Goff	-	30/11/17
Carbohydrate metabolism	Mite growth inhibitors - Chitine synthase	C3d	10 B	-	Thiazolidinones	hexythiazox	European red mite	Panonychus ulmi	METTUL	Apple	+	South of France	NTSR (detoxification)?	1991	INRAE Sophia - G. Le Goff	Nauen et al., 2001, Grosscurt et al., 1994	29/06/20
Carbohydrate metabolism	Mite growth inhibitors - Chitine synthase	C3d	10 A	-	Tetrazines	clofentezine	European red mite	Panonychus ulmi	METTUL	Apple	+	South of France	NTSR (detoxification)?	1991	INRAE Sophia - G. Le Goff	Nauen et al., 2001; Chauvel & Jugnet 2005; Grosscurt et al., 1994	29/06/20
Nervous sytem or muscle	Acetylcholine esterase inhibition	N5b	1 B	ACHEI	Organophosphates	all	Strawberry spider mite	Eotetranychus turkestani	TETRTK	Small red fruits	(+) or +	Old data, unknown distribution	unknown	?	INRAE Sophia - G. Le Goff	-	30/11/17
Nervous sytem or muscle	Acetylcholine esterase inhibition	N5b	1 B	ACHEI	Organophosphates	all	European red mite	Panonychus ulmi	METTUL	Apple	+	Old data, unknown distribution	unknown	?	INRAE Sophia - G. Le Goff	-	30/11/17
Nervous sytem or muscle	Acetylcholine esterase inhibition	N5b	1 B	ACHEI	Organophosphates	all	Two spotted mite	Tetranychus urticae	TETRUR	Greenhouse crops, Grapevine	+	Old data, unknown distribution	unknown	?	INRAE Sophia - G. Le Goff	-	30/11/17